

Social Welfare Policies for The Aged Population in The Takasaki Railway-line Region of The Tokyo Metropolitan Area: ROXY-index Analysis of Urban Spatial Cycles

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Abstract

This study examines the spatial redistribution process of the aged population¹⁾ in the Takasaki railway-line region of the Tokyo Metropolitan Area of Japan for the period 1960-2000 with special emphasis on (1) the Young Old population compared with the Old Old population and on (2) the aged population living with relatives or non-relatives (APW) compared with the aged population living alone (APA). The ROXY-index method²⁾ and the Klaassen's spatial-cycle hypothesis³⁾ are applied to our investigations. The major results are as follows: (1) The phase of the spatial-cycle path⁴⁾ for the population 65 and over, population

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64 and under, total population, Young Old population, Old Old population, APW and APA in the Takasaki railway-line region, are all at the decelerating suburbanization stage in their general tendency; (2) The aged population is behind the spatial-cycle phase for the total population, and is now gradually approaching the middle stage of decelerating suburbanization; (3) The phase for the Young Old population is proceeding ahead of the Old Old population; and (4) The phase for the APW is proceeding ahead of the APA.

Key Words: Aged Population, Klaassen, Revived-urbanization, ROXY-index, Spatial Cycles, Suburbanization, and Urbanization

1. Introduction

In 2000, the national population of Japan amounted to 126,925,843. The proportion of the aged population, defined as the ratio of persons aged 65 years or over against the total population, was 17.3% as compared with 5.7% in 1960. The population of the Tokyo prefecture in 2000 totaled 12,064,101, 15.8% of which is made up by the aged population as compared with 3.8% in 1960. For both the national population and the Tokyo prefectural population, the share of the aged population shows a significant increase over the past four decades. At the same time, it can be reasonably expected that this tendency will last for further decades. This substantial structural change in the age distribution of population inevitably requires in the long-run that the national, regional and urban policies for the years to come meet the new types of social need generated through the growing proportion of the aged population.

The aforementioned prompts us to compare the relative stages of spatial urbanization and suburbanization observed in one of the major railway-line regions of the Tokyo metropolitan area, between the two categories for each of the two kinds of classification of the aged population. One is the age-specific classification; ① Young Old population (*i.e.*, those persons who are at the age of 65 or over but under 74 years), and ② Old Old population (*i.e.*, those persons who are 75 years old or over). The other is the classification based on the type of family households⁵⁾; ① aged people living with either relatives or non-relatives (This category appears in the population census under the item of "private households"⁶⁾ with related members 65 and over."), and ② aged people living alone (This category appears in the population census under the item of "the aged-single-person households.").

In order to investigate this theme, we choose as the object-region of this study the Takasaki railway-line region. It is one of the major railway-line regions extending within the Tokyo Metropolitan Area from its center to the suburbs. As to the data, we use the national population census of Japan for the period 1960 to 2000. We apply in our investigation the ROXY-index method constructed by Kawashima as an analytical instrument, and the spatial-cycle hypothesis developed by Klaassen as a theoretical framework.

In the following, we first show in Section 2 the basic theoretical and methodological framework. In Section 3, we identify the stages and paths of the spatial cycles for each of the above four categories. The concluding remarks are given in Section 4.

2. Analytical Approach

In this section, we explain the fundamental characteristics of the following points.

- (a) The national census figures from 1960 to 2000 used as the basic data.
- (b) The Klaassen's spatial-cycle hypothesis applied as a theoretical basis.
- (c) The ROXY-Index analysis applied as a methodological instrument.

(a) Data and Spatial Units

We utilize the national census figures from 1960 to 2000. From this census, we take the seven categories of population data as shown in Table A-1 in the Appendix for each of spatial units (or localities) composing the Takasaki railway-line region for the calculation of the ROXY-index values. The national census has been conducted nine times since 1960; 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995 and 2000.

As to the spatial units, we have fourteen localities which compose the Takasaki-line region as shown in Table 1. In this table, the distance from the CBD to the location of the public office of each locality is provided. Each of the member localities of the Takasaki-line region is situated within the boundary of the 1995 version of the Tokyo metropolitan area defined by Mitsubishi Research Institute (1999).

Table 1 Localities and CBD Distance for the Takasaki Railway-line Region in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area

| Locality | CBD Distance (km) |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Taito-ku | 4.2 |
| Arakawa-ku | 6.7 |
| Kita-ku | 8.9 |
| Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 |
| Warabi-shi | 18.0 |
| Urawa-shi | 23.2 |
| Yono-shi | 26.0 |
| Omiya-shi | 28.0 |
| Ageo-shi | 36.5 |
| Okegawa-shi | 40.2 |
| Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 |
| Konosu-shi | 48.0 |
| Fukiage-machi | 54.5 |
| Gyohda-shi | 58.0 |

(b) Klaassen's Spatial-cycle Hypothesis

Klaassen's spatial-cycle hypothesis in its extended form argues that the process of the intra-metropolitan spatial redistribution follows four recurrently transmuting stages along the spatial-cycle path as shown in Column B of Table 2⁷⁾ ; (a) accelerating urbanization, (b) decelerating urbanization (c) accelerating suburbanization, and (d) decelerating suburbanization.

Table 2 Recurrently Transmuting Stages in Spatial-cycle Paradigm :
For Study of Intra-metropolitan Analysis

| A | | B | | C | |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Two major stages | | Four major stages | | Eight major stages | |
| T-1 | Urbanization | F-1 | Accelerating urbanization | E-1 | First half of accelerating urbanization |
| | | | | E-2 | Second half of accelerating urbanization |
| | Suburbanization | F-2 | Decelerating urbanization | E-3 | First half of decelerating urbanization |
| | | | | E-4 | Second half of decelerating urbanization |
| T-2 | Suburbanization | F-3 | Accelerating suburbanization | E-5 | First half of accelerating suburbanization |
| | | | | E-6 | Second half of accelerating suburbanization |
| | Urbanization | F-4 | Decelerating suburbanization | E-7 | First half of decelerating suburbanization |
| | | | | E-8 | Second half of decelerating suburbanization |

[Note]

- (1) The stage of urbanization is called the stage of revived-urbanization when the spatial-cycle path arrives at the stage of urbanization on its second or further round, in order to highlight the phenomena of the re-entry of the spatial-cycle path into the stage of urbanization.
- (2) In the original Klaassen framework, the following terms are used to describe the four major stages represented in column B; reurbanization (for F-1), urbanization (for F-2), suburbanization (for F-3) and counter-urbanization (for F-4).

[Source]

Fukatsu and Kawashima (1999)

(c) ROXY-index Analysis

The ROXY-index method is a quantitative analytical method developed by Kawashima in the 1970s, for identifying the stages of the spatial-cycle path. The ROXY-index is constructed based on the ratio between the weighted average of the annual population growth ratios of each spatial units and the simple average of the annual population growth ratios of each spatial units. Its definition is given by Table 3.

Based on Table 3, we obtain Table 4 which indicates the relationships among (1) the sign of the ROXY-index value, (2) the pattern of the spatial redistribution process of population, (3) the direction of the changes in the ROXY-index value, and (4) the speed of spatial redistribution process of population.

3. Obtained ROXY-index Values

Before proceeding further, we arrange Tables A-2~A-4 in the Appendix for the calculation of the ROXY-index values; Table A-2 showing the five-year growth ratios of the seven categories of population, Table A-3 showing the annual growth ratios and simple average of the growth ratio, and Table A-4 showing the weighted growth ratios and their total value (*i.e.*, the weighted average of the growth ratio). We use the CBD distance of each locality as the weighting factor. First, we calculate the ROXY-index values for three categories of the age-specific classification: (a) 65 and over (*i.e.*, aged population), (b) 64 and under (*i.e.*, younger and productive-age population and (c) all ages (*i.e.*, total population). The results are provided in Table 5.

Table 3 Definition of the ROXY Index for an Intra-metropolitan Analysis
(or Intra-railwayline-regional Analysis) of Spatial Redistribution Process of Population

$$RI(t,t+1) = (WAGR_{t,t+1} / SAGR_{t,t+1} - 1.0) \times 10^4$$

where

$RI(t,t+1)$: Value of ROXY index for the period between years t and $t+1$
(calculated on the annual growth-ratio basis)

$WAGR_{t,t+1}$: Weighted average of the annual growth ratios of population, for the period between years t and $t+1$ over n subareas (or localities) composing the metropolitan area being investigated, which is equal to

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (w_i^t \times r_i^{t,t+1}) / \sum_{i=1}^n w_i^t$$

$SAGR_{t,t+1}$: Simple average of the annual growth ratios of population, for the period between years t and $t+1$ over n subareas (or localities) composing the metropolitan area being investigated, which is equal to

$$\sum_{i=1}^n r_i^{t,t+1} / n$$

- n : Number of subareas (or localities) composing the metropolitan area
- $r_i^{t,t+1}$: Annual growth ratio of population of subarea i (or locality i) for the period between years t and $t+1$, which is defined as the k -th root of
 $x_i^{t+k} / x_i^t = r_i^{t,t+k}$
- x_i^t : Population of subarea i (or locality i) of the metropolitan area in year t
- w_i^t : Weighting factor for subarea i (or locality i) in year t

[Source] Rearranged based on Fukatsu (1999).

Table 4 Implications of the ROXY-index Values for an Intra-metropolitan Analysis
(or Intra-railwayline-regional Analysis)
of Spatial Redistribution Process of Population: For Terms of Urbanization and Suburbanization

| A | B | C | D |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| Sign of ROXY-index value | Pattern of spatial redistribution process of population within a metropolitan area | Direction of changes in ROXY-index values | Speed of spatial redistribution process of population within a metropolitan area |
| Negative | Urbanization (or Revived-Urbanization) | Decreasing | Accelerating |
| | | Levelling-off | Stationary |
| | | Increasing | Decelerating |
| Zero | Neutrality from both urbanization and suburbanization (viz. Symmetric growth or symmetric decline) | Levelling-off | Continuation of neutrality |
| Positive | Suburbanization | Increasing | Accelerating |
| | | Levelling-off | Stationary |
| | | Decreasing | Decelerating |

[Note] CBD distance of each locality is used as the weighting factor.

[Source] Reconstructed from Kawashima and Hiraoka (1998)

Table5 ROXY-Index Values and Its Marginal Values for the Takasaki-line Region:
For Age-Specific Classification (I)

(a) 65 and over (aged population)

| | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | -58.1022 | 1.2741 | 30.4862 | 50.2644 | 41.4557 | 43.4010 | 44.3472 | 30.4359 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 11.8753 | 8.8588 | 4.8990 | 1.0969 | -0.6863 | 0.2892 | -1.2965 | -2.7823 |

(b) 64 and under (younger and productive-age population)

| | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | 37.3865 | 128.9211 | 111.0131 | 97.0941 | 59.8822 | 54.2813 | 48.8453 | 1.4843 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 18.3069 | 7.3627 | -3.1827 | -5.1131 | -4.2813 | -1.1037 | -5.2797 | -9.4722 |

(c) All ages (total population)

| | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | 33.6134 | 122.9527 | 105.5264 | 91.7848 | 56.3214 | 50.4953 | 44.1141 | 1.0413 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 17.8679 | 7.1913 | -3.1168 | -4.9205 | -4.1289 | -1.2207 | -4.9454 | -8.6146 |

Table6 ROXY-Index Values and Its Marginal Values for the Takasaki-line Region:
For Age-Specific Classification (II)

(d) Over 65 but under 74

| | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | -55.8443 | 15.0128 | 41.1716 | 68.8266 | 50.4695 | 29.9155 | 40.1388 | 32.1136 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 14.1714 | 9.7016 | 5.3814 | 0.9298 | -3.8911 | -1.0331 | 0.2198 | -1.6050 |

(e) 75 and over

| | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | -68.8891 | -37.9176 | 1.4260 | 5.2400 | 30.9446 | 71.6885 | 50.5729 | 26.6933 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 6.1943 | 7.0315 | 4.3158 | 2.9519 | 6.6448 | 1.9628 | -4.4995 | -4.7759 |

Table 7 ROXY-Index Values and Its Marginal Values for the Takasaki-line Region:
For Classification of the Type of Family Household

(f) Aged population living with relatives or non-relatives

| | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-85 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | 34.8903 | 57.2444 | 41.7026 | 52.1299 | 53.7061 | 35.0831 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | 4.4708 | 0.6812 | -0.5114 | 1.2004 | -1.7047 | -3.7246 |

(g) Aged population living alone

| | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-85 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ROXY | -13.0591 | -25.9110 | 83.6954 | 63.0326 | 39.6826 | 47.5008 |
| $\Delta \text{ROXY}/\Delta T$ | -2.5704 | 9.6755 | 8.8944 | -4.4013 | -1.5532 | 1.5636 |

We then calculate the ROXY-index values for each of the two categories of the two kinds of classification of the aged population:

(1) Age-specific classification

(d) Young Old population

(e) Old Old population

(2) Classification based on the type of family households

(f) Aged people living with either relatives or non-relatives

(g) Aged people living alone

The obtained results are provided in Tables 6 and 7.

From these tables, Figures 1-7 can be drawn which show the circular-cyclic paths for the Takasaki-line region in the Tokyo metropolitan area, for the seven categories of population.

In these figures, the abscissa axis which extends its positive direction to the right indicates the ROXY-

Social Welfare Policies for The Aged Population in The Takasaki Railway-line Region of The Tokyo Metropolitan Area: ROXY-index Analysis of Urban Spatial Cycles (Nishikawa, Kawashima) index value, while the ordinate axis which extends its positive direction downwards indicates the marginal value of the ROXY-index⁸⁾. Note that each quadrant corresponds to the following spatial-cycle stages in light of Table 4.

- (a) Second quadrant: Accelerating urbanization stage (first-half stage of urbanization)
 $\text{ROXY} < 0, \Delta\text{ROXY} / \Delta T < 0$
- (b) Third quadrant: Decelerating urbanization stage (second-half stage of urbanization)
 $\text{ROXY} < 0, \Delta\text{ROXY} / \Delta T > 0$
- (c) Fourth quadrant: Accelerating suburbanization stage (first-half stage of suburbanization)
 $\text{ROXY} > 0, \Delta\text{ROXY} / \Delta T > 0$
- (d) First quadrant: Decelerating Suburbanization stage (second-half stage of suburbanization)
 $\text{ROXY} > 0, \Delta\text{ROXY} / \Delta T < 0$

Figure 1 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Population 65 and Over

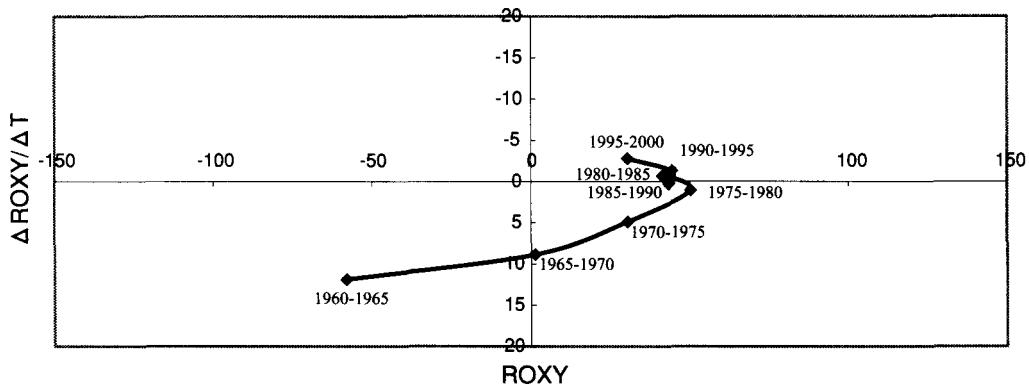


Figure 2 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Population 64 and Under

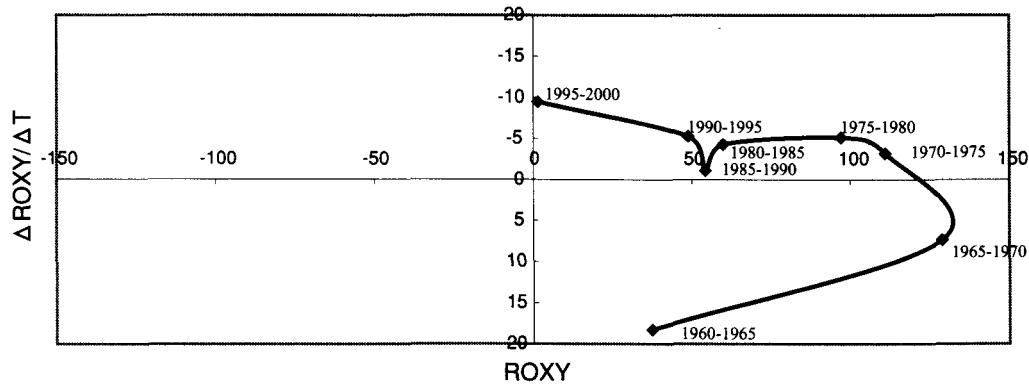


Figure 3 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Total Population

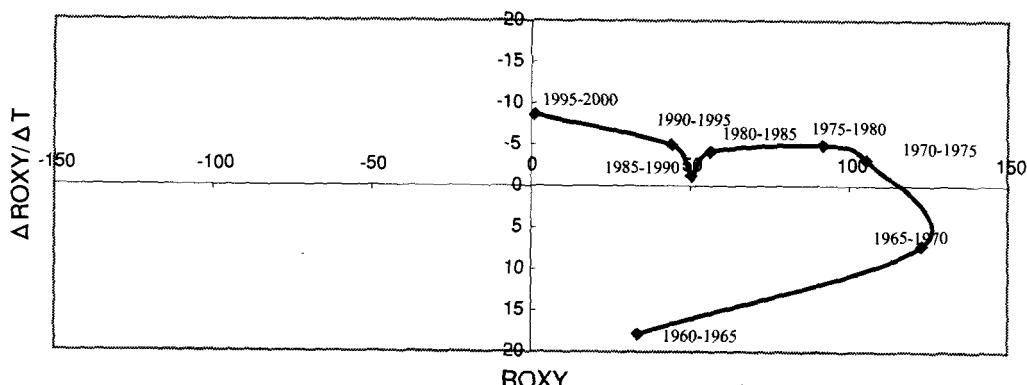


Figure 4 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Young Old (Over 65 but Under 74)

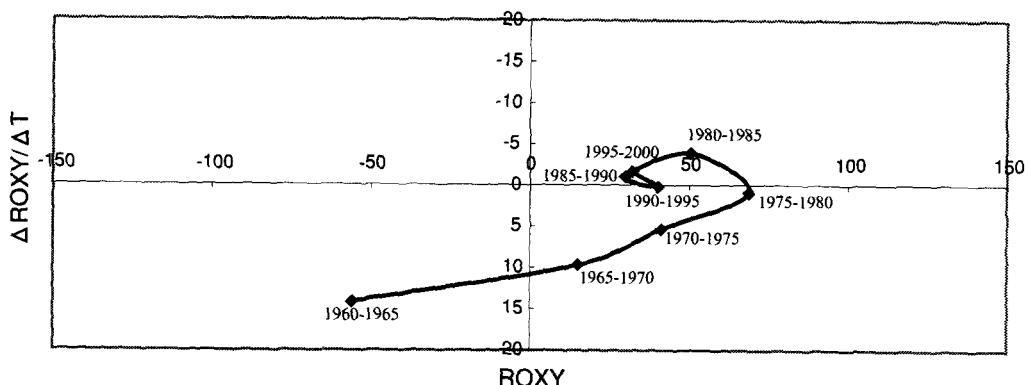
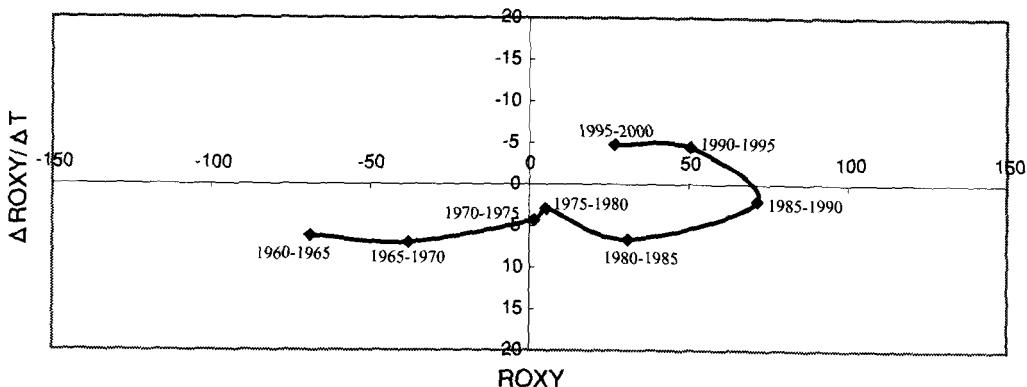
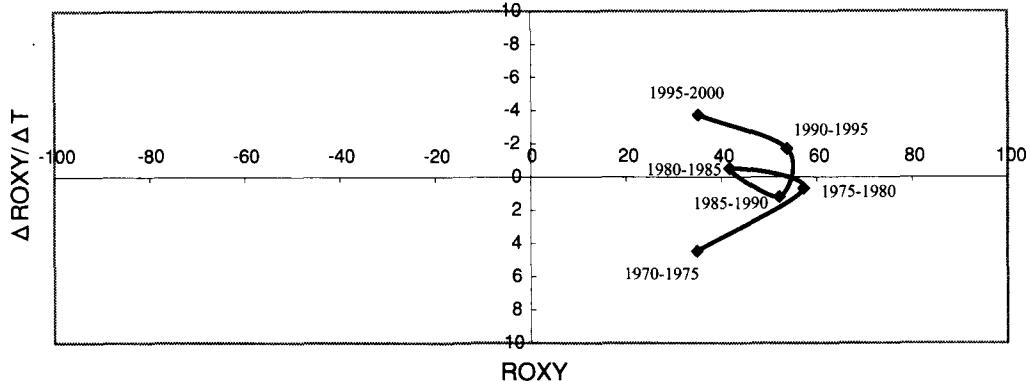


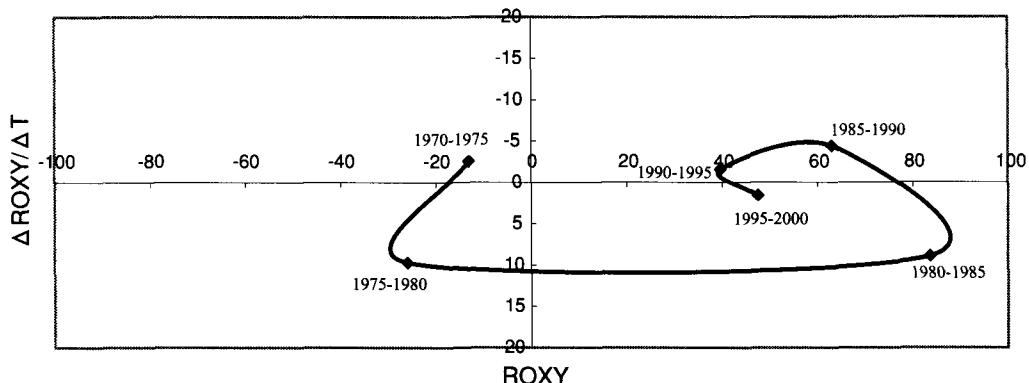
Figure 5 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Old Old (75 and Over)



**Figure 6 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Aged Population Living with Relatives or Non-relatives**



**Figure 7 Circular-cyclic Path for the Takasaki-line Region:
For the Aged Population Living Alone**



Based on Tables 5-7 and Figures 1-7, the following remarks can be made for the seven categories of population in the Takasaki railway-line region as to the ROXY-index values and the spatial-cycle stages.

(1) Age-specific classification (I)

- (a) For the aged population, the value of the ROXY-index increases from -58.10 for the period 1960-1965 to 50.26 for the period 1975-1980. Then it decreases to 30.43 for the period 1995-2000.
- (b) For the younger and productive-age population, the value of the ROXY-index changes in the same way as for the total population indicated below.
- (c) For the total population of the Takasaki railway-line region, the value of the ROXY-index increases from 33.61 for the period 1960-1965 to 122.95 for the period 1965-1970. Then it decreases to 1.04 for the period 1995-2000.

From the above, the aged population seems to have been less advanced along the spatial-cycle path than

the younger and productive-age population as well as the total population.

(2) **Age-specific classification (II)**

- (d) For the Young Old population, the value of the ROXY-index increases from -55.84 for the period 1960-1965 to 68.83 for the period 1975-1980. Then it decreases to 32.11 for the period 1995-2000.
- (e) For the Old Old population, the value of the ROXY-index increases from -68.89 for the period 1960-1965 to 71.69 for the period 1985-1990. Then it decreases to 26.70 for the period 1995-2000.

From the above, we find that the Old Old population seems to have been less advanced than the Young Old population along the spatial-cycle path.

(3) **Classification of type of family households**

- (f) For the aged population living with relatives or non-relatives, the value of the ROXY-index decreases from 53.71 for the period 1990-95 to 35.08 for the period 1995-2000.
- (g) For the aged population living alone, the value of the ROXY-index seems to be decreasing from 63.03 for the period 1985-90 to somewhere near 40.0 for the period 1990-2000.

4. Conclusion

Through this study we find the following four characteristics of the ROXY-index path for the Takasaki railway-line region in conjunction with the aged population as compared with other population groups.

- (1) The aged population seems to have been slightly less advanced than the other age groups. The younger and productive-age population as a whole was approaching the final stage of the decelerating suburbanization, and it was likely to reach the stage of revived-urbanization relatively soon after the end of 2000. On the other hand, the aged population was moving through the middle of the stage of decelerating suburbanization. It may take another twenty or thirty years to reach the stage of accelerating urbanization.
- (2) Before the period 1965-1970, the urbanization stage was completed for the Young Old population and, before the period 1980-85, its spatial-cycle path entered the stage of the decelerating suburbanization from the stage of the accelerating suburbanization. At the same time, before the period 1965-1970, the Old Old population had stayed in the urbanization stages. Before the period 1970-1975, its urbanization stages were completed and, before the period 1990-1995, the spatial-cycle path entered the stage of decelerating suburbanization from the stage of accelerating suburbanization. The Old Old population therefore seems to have been slightly less advanced than the Young Old population. But for the period 1990-1995 and 1995-2000, the Old Old population caught up the Young Old population rapidly.
- (3) For the aged population living with relatives or non-relatives, the spatial-cycle path has been hovering around the stage of suburbanization since the beginning of 1980. On the other hand, for the aged population living alone, the spatial-cycle path moves from the stage of accelerating urbanization to the stage of decelerating suburbanization in the middle of 1980s. Therefore the

latter seems to have been less advanced than the former.

- (4) Klaassen's spatial-cycle hypothesis seems to work well in its description of the intra-railwayline-regional spatial shifts in the process of urbanization and suburbanization in the Takasaki railway-line region.

We are afraid that we are not in a position to talk about any significant implications from the results we have obtained as an absolute change in the aged population since the ROXY-index analysis mainly deals with their growth ratios. However, the results rather clearly illuminate (1) that the spatial redistribution process of the aged population tends to follow the spatial-cycle path as the total population does, and (2) that the spatial-cycle process of the aged population approaches the re-entry into the stage of reurbanization even with some slowing down of the total population change along the spatial-cycle path.

In light of the aforementioned, it would be useful to bear it in mind for a better design for future "urban-investment and social-welfare" policy-making and programmes for the Takasaki railway-line region. So far in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area, there has been a strong tendency for both public and private-enterprise facilities to provide aged persons with the necessary services located in the suburbs. However, considering the possible arrival of the reurbanization spatial-cycle stage for the aged persons in the not-too-distant future as our analysis indicates, more effort should be made to provide substantial facilities for them in the central part of the Tokyo Metropolitan Area. In other words, the urban investment should be made in such a way (1) that the aged persons residing in the central part of the Tokyo metropolitan area can enjoy their urban environment better, and (2) that the urban amenity should significantly include what the aged persons could contribute personally through their own general activities.

In those efforts, sufficient consideration extended to aged single persons is critically necessary since the spatial-cycle stage for them seems recently to have been constantly catching up that for the aged population living with relatives or non-relatives.

Concerning the future research agenda on the associated analytical issues, meanwhile, the author is eager to apply the double-weighting scheme to the calculation of the ROXY-index value by use of, as weighting factors, (1) the distance and (2) the percentage share of the aged population against the total population.

Notes

- 1) The aged population refers to the population of 65 years of age and over.
- 2) Kawashima has written about thirty papers on the ROXY-index through which he has developed a series of generalized versions of the Klaassen's original spatial-cycle hypothesis to facilitate research works, for both intra-metropolitan and inter-metropolitan analyses. For some of them, see the reference of Fukatsu and Kawashima (1999).
- 3) See, for the details for the basic original framework of the spatial-cycle hypothesis, Klaassen and Paelinck (1979) and Klaassen *et al.* (1981).
- 4) The spatial-cycle path is the locus of the spatial-cycle stages.
- 5) Households in this context are divided into "private households" and "institutional households."
- 6) Private households consist of households of (a), (b) and (c) below.

- (a) A group of persons sharing living quarters and living expenses or a person who lived by himself/herself occupying a dwelling house.
- (b) A person residing together with the household (a) above but keeping a separate budget, or a person residing in a boardinghouse.
- (c) Each person who lives in a dormitory for unmarried employees of a company, corporation, store, government, etc.

Private households are classified, according to the relationship to the household head among household members, into three broad categories; "relatives households", "non-relatives households" and "one-person households".

- 7) We have two other kinds of spatial-cycle paradigms in Table 2: one with two stages and the other with eight stages, in columns A and C respectively. Meanwhile, as mentioned in note (1) of this table, the stage of urbanization in its second or further round should be referred to as revived-urbanization to emphasize the re-entry into the stages of urbanization.
- 8) We set the positive or negative direction of each of the two axes as indicated above so that the Klaassen's spatial-cycle path can move counter-clockwisely. Meanwhile, the marginal value of the ROXY-index defined here is calculated through the following steps:
 - ① For the periods 1947-1950 and 1995-2000: the difference between "the value of the ROXY-index for the associated period" and "the value of the ROXY-index for its adjacent period."
 - ② For other periods: the difference between the values of the ROXY-index for the two periods, both of which are adjacent to the assigned period.

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Appendix

A-1 Population in Various Categories for the Takasaki-line Region: 1960-2000 (unit: person)

a) Population 65 and over (aged population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 12,111 | 14,454 | 17,056 | 19,883 | 22,422 | 24,170 | 25,825 | 28,715 | 32,988 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 9,539 | 11,995 | 14,187 | 16,731 | 19,663 | 22,095 | 25,240 | 29,211 | 34,045 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 14,894 | 19,061 | 23,307 | 28,340 | 33,329 | 38,454 | 44,758 | 53,313 | 62,885 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 5,635 | 8,218 | 10,963 | 14,792 | 19,896 | 25,335 | 31,895 | 40,648 | 55,875 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1,662 | 2,242 | 2,940 | 3,688 | 4,753 | 5,767 | 6,901 | 8,630 | 10,692 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 7,715 | 10,316 | 13,810 | 18,041 | 23,205 | 28,445 | 35,076 | 44,810 | 57,995 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1,565 | 2,065 | 2,717 | 3,696 | 4,924 | 5,937 | 7,209 | 8,894 | 10,968 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 7,289 | 9,288 | 12,557 | 17,242 | 22,923 | 29,081 | 36,351 | 47,232 | 61,384 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 2,069 | 2,504 | 3,569 | 5,069 | 7,061 | 9,503 | 12,906 | 17,770 | 25,028 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1,053 | 1,344 | 1,771 | 2,301 | 3,292 | 4,224 | 5,452 | 7,227 | 9,748 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 735 | 876 | 1,170 | 1,765 | 2,445 | 3,453 | 4,596 | 6,063 | 8,214 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1,750 | 1,905 | 2,241 | 2,921 | 3,813 | 4,686 | 6,071 | 7,897 | 10,395 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 607 | 676 | 846 | 1,086 | 1,486 | 1,787 | 2,183 | 2,905 | 3,759 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 3,202 | 3,654 | 4,246 | 5,114 | 6,442 | 7,824 | 9,442 | 11,588 | 13,602 |

b) Population 64 and under (younger and productive-population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 306,778 | 271,870 | 223,713 | 187,766 | 163,626 | 152,634 | 137,144 | 125,203 | 123,337 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 275,941 | 266,417 | 232,826 | 201,174 | 178,463 | 167,966 | 159,569 | 147,675 | 146,423 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 403,709 | 433,003 | 407,912 | 391,656 | 354,129 | 329,125 | 309,889 | 280,814 | 263,879 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 164,431 | 240,894 | 294,923 | 330,746 | 359,464 | 377,680 | 406,785 | 408,206 | 404,152 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 49,290 | 67,473 | 74,285 | 72,623 | 66,123 | 64,641 | 66,719 | 63,391 | 60,371 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 161,042 | 211,021 | 255,587 | 313,104 | 334,980 | 348,790 | 383,195 | 408,490 | 426,850 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 39,275 | 49,681 | 60,085 | 67,348 | 67,402 | 65,660 | 71,851 | 73,050 | 71,969 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 162,707 | 206,358 | 256,220 | 310,456 | 331,161 | 343,941 | 367,425 | 386,523 | 394,887 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 36,820 | 52,272 | 107,223 | 141,289 | 159,182 | 169,084 | 182,041 | 188,320 | 187,919 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 20,256 | 26,764 | 36,946 | 45,733 | 52,455 | 57,275 | 63,577 | 65,857 | 64,219 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 14,748 | 19,700 | 30,529 | 44,032 | 48,443 | 54,661 | 59,333 | 63,866 | 61,310 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 30,118 | 34,621 | 39,749 | 48,711 | 53,272 | 55,879 | 66,364 | 72,457 | 73,705 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 11,488 | 13,806 | 16,401 | 17,688 | 21,119 | 23,203 | 24,745 | 25,085 | 24,410 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 51,544 | 52,498 | 55,889 | 60,955 | 66,763 | 71,535 | 73,739 | 74,582 | 72,706 |

c) Total population

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 318,889 | 286,324 | 240,769 | 207,649 | 186,048 | 176,804 | 162,969 | 153,918 | 156,325 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 285,480 | 278,412 | 247,013 | 217,905 | 198,126 | 190,061 | 184,809 | 176,886 | 180,468 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 418,603 | 452,064 | 431,219 | 419,996 | 387,458 | 367,579 | 354,647 | 334,127 | 326,764 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 170,066 | 249,112 | 305,886 | 345,538 | 379,360 | 403,015 | 438,680 | 448,854 | 460,027 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 50,952 | 69,715 | 77,225 | 76,311 | 70,876 | 70,408 | 73,620 | 72,021 | 71,063 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 168,757 | 221,337 | 269,397 | 331,145 | 358,185 | 377,235 | 418,271 | 453,300 | 484,845 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 40,840 | 51,746 | 62,802 | 71,044 | 72,326 | 71,597 | 79,060 | 81,944 | 82,937 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 169,996 | 215,646 | 268,777 | 327,698 | 354,084 | 373,022 | 403,776 | 433,755 | 456,271 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 38,889 | 54,776 | 110,792 | 146,358 | 166,243 | 178,587 | 194,947 | 206,090 | 212,947 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 21,309 | 28,108 | 38,717 | 48,034 | 55,747 | 61,499 | 69,029 | 73,084 | 73,967 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 15,483 | 20,576 | 31,699 | 45,797 | 50,888 | 58,114 | 63,929 | 69,929 | 69,524 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 31,868 | 36,526 | 41,990 | 51,632 | 57,085 | 60,565 | 72,435 | 80,354 | 84,100 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 12,095 | 14,482 | 17,247 | 18,774 | 22,605 | 24,990 | 26,928 | 27,990 | 28,169 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 54,746 | 56,152 | 60,135 | 66,069 | 73,205 | 79,359 | 83,181 | 86,170 | 86,308 |

d) Population over 65 and under 74 (young old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 9,230 | 10,841 | 12,551 | 14,137 | 14,996 | 14,993 | 15,089 | 17,079 | 19,427 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 7,505 | 9,291 | 10,721 | 11,996 | 13,473 | 14,245 | 15,422 | 17,822 | 20,357 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 11,559 | 14,512 | 17,309 | 19,875 | 22,166 | 24,227 | 27,239 | 32,743 | 37,570 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 4,276 | 6,189 | 8,271 | 10,917 | 14,331 | 17,164 | 20,396 | 26,100 | 36,766 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1,250 | 1,654 | 2,226 | 2,781 | 3,411 | 3,819 | 4,235 | 5,402 | 6,690 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 5,676 | 7,484 | 10,109 | 12,740 | 15,804 | 18,219 | 21,466 | 28,158 | 36,317 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1,184 | 1,505 | 2,019 | 2,716 | 3,515 | 3,920 | 4,476 | 5,499 | 6,759 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 5,308 | 6,748 | 9,251 | 12,451 | 16,218 | 19,311 | 22,359 | 29,252 | 38,998 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1,480 | 1,715 | 2,546 | 3,646 | 5,059 | 6,516 | 8,291 | 11,355 | 16,426 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 737 | 970 | 1,268 | 1,626 | 2,303 | 2,824 | 3,335 | 4,529 | 6,182 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 513 | 615 | 829 | 1,298 | 1,853 | 2,338 | 2,828 | 3,840 | 5,280 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1,262 | 1,345 | 1,597 | 2,062 | 2,647 | 3,177 | 3,839 | 5,001 | 6,496 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 438 | 492 | 640 | 780 | 1,050 | 1,209 | 1,334 | 1,796 | 2,390 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 2,356 | 2,581 | 3,029 | 3,564 | 4,388 | 5,138 | 5,819 | 6,944 | 7,707 |

(e) Population 75 and over (the old old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 2,881 | 3,613 | 4,505 | 5,746 | 7,426 | 9,177 | 10,736 | 11,636 | 13,561 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 2,034 | 2,704 | 3,466 | 4,735 | 6,190 | 7,850 | 9,818 | 11,389 | 13,688 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 3,335 | 4,549 | 5,998 | 8,465 | 11,163 | 14,227 | 17,519 | 20,570 | 25,315 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1,359 | 2,029 | 2,692 | 3,875 | 5,565 | 8,171 | 11,499 | 14,548 | 19,109 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 412 | 588 | 714 | 907 | 1,342 | 1,948 | 2,666 | 3,228 | 4,002 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 2,039 | 2,832 | 3,701 | 5,301 | 7,401 | 10,226 | 13,610 | 16,652 | 21,678 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 381 | 560 | 698 | 980 | 1,409 | 2,017 | 2,733 | 3,395 | 4,209 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1,981 | 2,540 | 3,306 | 4,791 | 6,705 | 9,770 | 13,992 | 17,980 | 22,986 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 589 | 789 | 1,023 | 1,423 | 2,002 | 2,987 | 4,615 | 6,415 | 8,602 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 316 | 374 | 503 | 675 | 989 | 1,400 | 2,117 | 2,698 | 3,566 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 222 | 261 | 341 | 467 | 592 | 1,115 | 1,768 | 2,223 | 2,934 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 488 | 560 | 644 | 859 | 1,166 | 1,509 | 2,232 | 2,896 | 3,899 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 169 | 184 | 206 | 306 | 436 | 578 | 849 | 1,109 | 1,369 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 846 | 1,073 | 1,217 | 1,550 | 2,054 | 2,686 | 3,623 | 4,644 | 5,895 |

(f) Aged population living with relatives or non-relatives

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | | private household | | | | |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 15,247 | 17,269 | 19,052 | 19,070 | 20,137 | 20,576 | 21,699 | 23,654 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 12,812 | 14,721 | 16,862 | 16,862 | 18,566 | 20,652 | 23,070 | 26,126 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 21,351 | 25,228 | 28,637 | 28,637 | 32,203 | 36,100 | 41,700 | 47,225 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 10,225 | 13,580 | 17,899 | 17,899 | 22,350 | 27,766 | 35,030 | 46,480 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 2,735 | 3,385 | 4,258 | 4,258 | 5,091 | 5,887 | 7,214 | 8,704 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 12,837 | 16,549 | 21,080 | 21,080 | 25,451 | 30,807 | 38,758 | 48,509 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 2,536 | 3,439 | 4,504 | 4,504 | 5,383 | 6,393 | 7,663 | 9,319 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 11,824 | 16,052 | 21,000 | 21,000 | 26,125 | 32,142 | 41,105 | 51,929 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 3,431 | 4,799 | 6,597 | 6,597 | 8,836 | 11,815 | 15,851 | 21,659 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 2,217 | 3,117 | 3,117 | 3,855 | 4,853 | 6,407 | 8,487 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 1,693 | 2,326 | 2,326 | 3,101 | 4,056 | 5,393 | 7,105 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 2,151 | 2,735 | 3,542 | 3,542 | 4,325 | 5,547 | 7,116 | 8,989 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 1,036 | 1,417 | 1,417 | 1,686 | 2,020 | 2,617 | 3,348 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 4,034 | 4,869 | 6,014 | 6,014 | 7,209 | 8,652 | 10,488 | 11,858 |

(g) Aged population living alone

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | | private household | | | | |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| | | | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1,013 | 1,770 | 2,461 | 2,745 | 3,317 | 4,214 | 5,522 | 7,317 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 988 | 1,497 | 2,211 | 2,329 | 2,996 | 3,860 | 5,199 | 6,964 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1,441 | 2,488 | 3,923 | 4,144 | 5,429 | 7,660 | 10,599 | 14,468 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 462 | 836 | 1,446 | 1,545 | 2,248 | 3,349 | 4,870 | 8,374 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 153 | 264 | 434 | 462 | 571 | 884 | 1,268 | 1,783 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 517 | 990 | 1,523 | 1,635 | 2,291 | 3,458 | 5,084 | 8,064 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 116 | 206 | 339 | 363 | 495 | 747 | 1,079 | 1,475 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 448 | 830 | 1,391 | 1,482 | 2,017 | 3,100 | 4,701 | 7,662 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 91 | 178 | 311 | 333 | 473 | 819 | 1,420 | 2,537 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 75 | 108 | 114 | 208 | 356 | 530 | 863 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 63 | 96 | 99 | 177 | 287 | 450 | 769 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 58 | 108 | 164 | 175 | 259 | 398 | 592 | 1,008 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 46 | 58 | 63 | 97 | 155 | 240 | 330 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 129 | 181 | 275 | 287 | 391 | 564 | 768 | 1,127 |

[Notes] Households are classified into ordinary households and quasi-households or private households and institutional households.

They are defined as follows;

Ordinary household: An ordinary household is defined as a group of persons sharing living quarters and living expenses as well as a person who lives by himself occupying a dwelling house.

Private household: A private household includes "Single persons in boardinghouses or rented rooms", "Single persons in company dormitories for unmarried employees and ordinary households".

[Source] Japan Statistical Association (1960, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 2000).

Appendix

A-2 Five-Year Growth Ratios of Population in Various Categories for the Takasaki-line Region: 1960-2000

a) Population 65 and over (aged population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.1935 | 1.1800 | 1.1657 | 1.1277 | 1.0780 | 1.0685 | 1.1119 | 1.1488 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.2575 | 1.1827 | 1.1793 | 1.1752 | 1.1237 | 1.1423 | 1.1573 | 1.1655 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.2798 | 1.2228 | 1.2159 | 1.1760 | 1.1538 | 1.1639 | 1.1911 | 1.1795 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.4584 | 1.3340 | 1.3493 | 1.3451 | 1.2734 | 1.2589 | 1.2744 | 1.3746 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.3490 | 1.3113 | 1.2544 | 1.2888 | 1.2133 | 1.1966 | 1.2505 | 1.2389 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.3371 | 1.3387 | 1.3064 | 1.2862 | 1.2258 | 1.2331 | 1.2775 | 1.2942 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.3195 | 1.3157 | 1.3603 | 1.3323 | 1.2057 | 1.2142 | 1.2337 | 1.2332 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.2742 | 1.3520 | 1.3731 | 1.3295 | 1.2686 | 1.2500 | 1.2993 | 1.2996 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.2102 | 1.4253 | 1.4203 | 1.3930 | 1.3458 | 1.3581 | 1.3769 | 1.4084 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.2764 | 1.3177 | 1.2993 | 1.4307 | 1.2831 | 1.2907 | 1.3256 | 1.3488 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.1918 | 1.3356 | 1.5085 | 1.3853 | 1.4123 | 1.3310 | 1.3192 | 1.3548 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0886 | 1.1764 | 1.3034 | 1.3054 | 1.2290 | 1.2956 | 1.3008 | 1.3163 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.1137 | 1.2515 | 1.2837 | 1.3683 | 1.2026 | 1.2216 | 1.3307 | 1.2940 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.1412 | 1.1620 | 1.2044 | 1.2597 | 1.2145 | 1.2068 | 1.2273 | 1.1738 |

b) Population 64 and under (younger and productive-population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.8862 | 0.8229 | 0.8393 | 0.8714 | 0.9328 | 0.8985 | 0.9129 | 0.9851 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.9655 | 0.8739 | 0.8641 | 0.8871 | 0.9412 | 0.9500 | 0.9255 | 0.9915 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0726 | 0.9421 | 0.9601 | 0.9042 | 0.9294 | 0.9416 | 0.9062 | 0.9397 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.4650 | 1.2243 | 1.1215 | 1.0868 | 1.0507 | 1.0771 | 1.0035 | 0.9901 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.3689 | 1.1010 | 0.9776 | 0.9105 | 0.9776 | 1.0321 | 0.9501 | 0.9524 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.3103 | 1.2112 | 1.2250 | 1.0699 | 1.0412 | 1.0986 | 1.0660 | 1.0449 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.2650 | 1.2094 | 1.1209 | 1.0008 | 0.9742 | 1.0943 | 1.0167 | 0.9852 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.2683 | 1.2416 | 1.2117 | 1.0667 | 1.0386 | 1.0683 | 1.0520 | 1.0216 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.4197 | 2.0513 | 1.3177 | 1.1266 | 1.0622 | 1.0766 | 1.0345 | 0.9979 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.3213 | 1.3804 | 1.2378 | 1.1470 | 1.0919 | 1.1100 | 1.0359 | 0.9751 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.3358 | 1.5497 | 1.4423 | 1.1002 | 1.1284 | 1.0855 | 1.0764 | 0.9600 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.1495 | 1.1481 | 1.2255 | 1.0936 | 1.0489 | 1.1876 | 1.0918 | 1.0172 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.2018 | 1.1880 | 1.0785 | 1.1940 | 1.0987 | 1.0665 | 1.0137 | 0.9731 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0185 | 1.0646 | 1.0906 | 1.0953 | 1.0715 | 1.0308 | 1.0114 | 0.9748 |

c) Total population

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.8979 | 0.8409 | 0.8624 | 0.8960 | 0.9503 | 0.9217 | 0.9445 | 1.0156 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.9752 | 0.8872 | 0.8822 | 0.9092 | 0.9593 | 0.9724 | 0.9571 | 1.0203 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0799 | 0.9539 | 0.9740 | 0.9225 | 0.9487 | 0.9648 | 0.9421 | 0.9780 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.4648 | 1.2279 | 1.1296 | 1.0979 | 1.0624 | 1.0885 | 1.0232 | 1.0249 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.3682 | 1.1077 | 0.9882 | 0.9288 | 0.9934 | 1.0456 | 0.9783 | 0.9867 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.3116 | 1.2171 | 1.2292 | 1.0817 | 1.0532 | 1.1088 | 1.0837 | 1.0696 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.2670 | 1.2137 | 1.1312 | 1.0180 | 0.9899 | 1.1042 | 1.0365 | 1.0121 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.2685 | 1.2464 | 1.2192 | 1.0805 | 1.0535 | 1.0824 | 1.0742 | 1.0519 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.4085 | 2.0226 | 1.3210 | 1.1359 | 1.0743 | 1.0916 | 1.0572 | 1.0333 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.3191 | 1.3774 | 1.2406 | 1.1606 | 1.1032 | 1.1224 | 1.0587 | 1.0121 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.3289 | 1.5406 | 1.4447 | 1.1112 | 1.1420 | 1.1001 | 1.0939 | 0.9942 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.1462 | 1.1496 | 1.2296 | 1.1056 | 1.0610 | 1.1960 | 1.1093 | 1.0466 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.1974 | 1.1909 | 1.0885 | 1.2041 | 1.1055 | 1.0776 | 1.0394 | 1.0064 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0257 | 1.0709 | 1.0987 | 1.1080 | 1.0841 | 1.0482 | 1.0359 | 1.0016 |

d) Population over 65 and under 74 (young old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.1745 | 1.1577 | 1.1264 | 1.0608 | 0.9998 | 1.0064 | 1.1319 | 1.1375 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.2380 | 1.1539 | 1.1189 | 1.1231 | 1.0573 | 1.0826 | 1.1556 | 1.1422 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.2555 | 1.1927 | 1.1482 | 1.1153 | 1.0930 | 1.1243 | 1.2021 | 1.1474 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.4474 | 1.3364 | 1.3199 | 1.3127 | 1.1977 | 1.1883 | 1.2797 | 1.4087 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.3232 | 1.3458 | 1.2493 | 1.2265 | 1.1196 | 1.1089 | 1.2756 | 1.2384 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.3185 | 1.3507 | 1.2603 | 1.2405 | 1.1528 | 1.1782 | 1.3117 | 1.2898 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.2711 | 1.3415 | 1.3452 | 1.2942 | 1.1152 | 1.1418 | 1.2286 | 1.2291 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.2713 | 1.3709 | 1.3459 | 1.3025 | 1.1907 | 1.1578 | 1.3083 | 1.3127 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.1588 | 1.4845 | 1.4321 | 1.3875 | 1.2880 | 1.2724 | 1.3696 | 1.4466 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.3161 | 1.3072 | 1.2823 | 1.4164 | 1.2262 | 1.1809 | 1.3580 | 1.3650 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.1988 | 1.3480 | 1.5657 | 1.4276 | 1.2617 | 1.2096 | 1.3579 | 1.3750 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0658 | 1.1874 | 1.2912 | 1.2837 | 1.2002 | 1.2084 | 1.3027 | 1.2989 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.1233 | 1.3008 | 1.2188 | 1.3462 | 1.1514 | 1.1034 | 1.3463 | 1.3307 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0955 | 1.1736 | 1.1766 | 1.2312 | 1.1709 | 1.1325 | 1.1933 | 1.1099 |

(e) Population '75 and over (old old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.2541 | 1.2469 | 1.2755 | 1.2924 | 1.2358 | 1.1699 | 1.0838 | 1.1654 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.3294 | 1.2818 | 1.3661 | 1.3073 | 1.2682 | 1.2507 | 1.1600 | 1.2019 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.3640 | 1.3185 | 1.4113 | 1.3187 | 1.2745 | 1.2314 | 1.1742 | 1.2307 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.4930 | 1.3268 | 1.4395 | 1.4361 | 1.4683 | 1.4073 | 1.2652 | 1.3135 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.4272 | 1.2143 | 1.2703 | 1.4796 | 1.4516 | 1.3686 | 1.2108 | 1.2398 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.3889 | 1.3069 | 1.4323 | 1.3962 | 1.3817 | 1.3309 | 1.2235 | 1.3018 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.4698 | 1.2464 | 1.4040 | 1.4378 | 1.4315 | 1.3550 | 1.2422 | 1.2398 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.2822 | 1.3016 | 1.4492 | 1.3995 | 1.4571 | 1.4321 | 1.2850 | 1.2784 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.3396 | 1.2966 | 1.3910 | 1.4069 | 1.4920 | 1.5450 | 1.3900 | 1.3409 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.1835 | 1.3449 | 1.3419 | 1.4652 | 1.4156 | 1.5121 | 1.2744 | 1.3217 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.1757 | 1.3065 | 1.3695 | 1.2677 | 1.8834 | 1.5857 | 1.2574 | 1.3198 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.1475 | 1.1500 | 1.3339 | 1.3574 | 1.2942 | 1.4791 | 1.2975 | 1.3463 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0888 | 1.1196 | 1.4854 | 1.4248 | 1.3257 | 1.4689 | 1.3062 | 1.2344 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.2683 | 1.1342 | 1.2736 | 1.3252 | 1.3077 | 1.3488 | 1.2818 | 1.2694 |

(f) Aged population living with relatives or non-relatives

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | | |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|--|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 | |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.1326 | 1.1032 | 1.0560 | 1.0218 | 1.0546 | 1.0901 | |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.1490 | 1.1454 | 1.1011 | 1.1124 | 1.1171 | 1.1325 | |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.1816 | 1.1351 | 1.1245 | 1.1210 | 1.1551 | 1.1325 | |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.3281 | 1.3180 | 1.2487 | 1.2423 | 1.2616 | 1.3269 | |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.2377 | 1.2579 | 1.1956 | 1.1564 | 1.2254 | 1.2065 | |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.2892 | 1.2738 | 1.2074 | 1.2104 | 1.2581 | 1.2516 | |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.3561 | 1.3097 | 1.1952 | 1.1876 | 1.1987 | 1.2161 | |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.3576 | 1.3082 | 1.2440 | 1.2303 | 1.2789 | 1.2633 | |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.3987 | 1.3747 | 1.3394 | 1.3371 | 1.3416 | 1.3664 | |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 1.4060 | 1.2368 | 1.2589 | 1.3202 | 1.3246 | |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 1.3739 | 1.3332 | 1.3080 | 1.3296 | 1.3174 | |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.2715 | 1.2951 | 1.2211 | 1.2825 | 1.2829 | 1.2632 | |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 1.3678 | 1.1898 | 1.1981 | 1.2955 | 1.2793 | |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.2070 | 1.2352 | 1.1987 | 1.2002 | 1.2122 | 1.1306 | |

(g) Aged population living alone

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | | |
|-------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|--|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 | |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.7473 | 1.3904 | 1.2084 | 1.2704 | 1.3104 | 1.3251 | |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.5152 | 1.4770 | 1.2864 | 1.2884 | 1.3469 | 1.3395 | |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.7266 | 1.5768 | 1.3101 | 1.4109 | 1.3837 | 1.3650 | |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.8095 | 1.7297 | 1.4550 | 1.4898 | 1.4542 | 1.7195 | |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.7255 | 1.6439 | 1.2359 | 1.5482 | 1.4344 | 1.4062 | |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.9149 | 1.5384 | 1.4012 | 1.5094 | 1.4702 | 1.5862 | |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.7759 | 1.6456 | 1.3636 | 1.5091 | 1.4444 | 1.3670 | |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.8527 | 1.6759 | 1.3610 | 1.5369 | 1.5165 | 1.6299 | |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.9560 | 1.7472 | 1.4204 | 1.7315 | 1.7338 | 1.7866 | |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 1.4400 | 1.8246 | 1.7115 | 1.4888 | 1.6283 | |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 1.5238 | 1.7879 | 1.6215 | 1.5679 | 1.7089 | |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.8621 | 1.5185 | 1.4800 | 1.5367 | 1.4874 | 1.7027 | |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 1.2609 | 1.5397 | 1.5979 | 1.5484 | 1.3750 | |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.4031 | 1.5193 | 1.3624 | 1.4425 | 1.3617 | 1.4674 | |

Appendix

A-3 Annual Growth Ratios of Population in various Categories and Their Simple Average for the Takasaki-line Region: 1960-2000

a) Population 65 and over (aged population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.0360 | 1.0337 | 1.0311 | 1.0243 | 1.0151 | 1.0133 | 1.0214 | 1.0281 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.0469 | 1.0341 | 1.0335 | 1.0328 | 1.0236 | 1.0270 | 1.0297 | 1.0311 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0506 | 1.0410 | 1.0399 | 1.0330 | 1.0290 | 1.0308 | 1.0356 | 1.0336 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0784 | 1.0593 | 1.0617 | 1.0611 | 1.0495 | 1.0471 | 1.0497 | 1.0657 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0617 | 1.0557 | 1.0464 | 1.0520 | 1.0394 | 1.0366 | 1.0457 | 1.0438 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0598 | 1.0601 | 1.0549 | 1.0516 | 1.0416 | 1.0428 | 1.0502 | 1.0529 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0570 | 1.0564 | 1.0635 | 1.0591 | 1.0381 | 1.0396 | 1.0429 | 1.0428 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0497 | 1.0622 | 1.0655 | 1.0586 | 1.0487 | 1.0456 | 1.0538 | 1.0538 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0389 | 1.0735 | 1.0727 | 1.0685 | 1.0612 | 1.0631 | 1.0661 | 1.0709 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.0500 | 1.0567 | 1.0538 | 1.0743 | 1.0511 | 1.0524 | 1.0580 | 1.0617 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.0357 | 1.0596 | 1.0857 | 1.0673 | 1.0715 | 1.0589 | 1.0570 | 1.0626 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0171 | 1.0330 | 1.0544 | 1.0547 | 1.0421 | 1.0532 | 1.0540 | 1.0565 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0218 | 1.0459 | 1.0512 | 1.0647 | 1.0376 | 1.0408 | 1.0588 | 1.0529 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0268 | 1.0305 | 1.0379 | 1.0473 | 1.0396 | 1.0383 | 1.0418 | 1.0326 |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0450 | 1.0501 | 1.0537 | 1.0535 | 1.0420 | 1.0421 | 1.0475 | 1.0492 | |

b) Population 64 and under (younger and productive-population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.9761 | 0.9618 | 0.9656 | 0.9729 | 0.9862 | 0.9788 | 0.9819 | 0.9970 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.9930 | 0.9734 | 0.9712 | 0.9763 | 0.9879 | 0.9898 | 0.9846 | 0.9983 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0141 | 0.9881 | 0.9919 | 0.9801 | 0.9855 | 0.9880 | 0.9805 | 0.9876 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0794 | 1.0413 | 1.0232 | 1.0168 | 1.0099 | 1.0150 | 1.0007 | 0.9980 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0648 | 1.0194 | 0.9955 | 0.9814 | 0.9955 | 1.0063 | 0.9898 | 0.9903 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0555 | 1.0391 | 1.0414 | 1.0136 | 1.0081 | 1.0190 | 1.0129 | 1.0088 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0481 | 1.0388 | 1.0231 | 1.0002 | 0.9948 | 1.0182 | 1.0033 | 0.9970 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0487 | 1.0442 | 1.0391 | 1.0130 | 1.0076 | 1.0133 | 1.0102 | 1.0043 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0726 | 1.1545 | 1.0567 | 1.0241 | 1.0121 | 1.0149 | 1.0068 | 0.9996 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.0573 | 1.0666 | 1.0436 | 1.0278 | 1.0177 | 1.0211 | 1.0071 | 0.9950 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.0596 | 1.0916 | 1.0760 | 1.0193 | 1.0244 | 1.0165 | 1.0148 | 0.9919 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0283 | 1.0280 | 1.0415 | 1.0181 | 1.0096 | 1.0350 | 1.0177 | 1.0034 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0374 | 1.0350 | 1.0152 | 1.0361 | 1.0190 | 1.0130 | 1.0027 | 0.9946 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0037 | 1.0126 | 1.0175 | 1.0184 | 1.0193 | 1.0061 | 1.0023 | 0.9949 |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0385 | 1.0353 | 1.0215 | 1.0070 | 1.0052 | 1.0096 | 1.0011 | 0.9972 | |

c) Total population

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.9787 | 0.9659 | 0.9708 | 0.9783 | 0.9899 | 0.9838 | 0.9886 | 1.0031 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.9950 | 0.9764 | 0.9752 | 0.9811 | 0.9917 | 0.9944 | 0.9913 | 1.0040 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0155 | 0.9906 | 0.9947 | 0.9840 | 0.9895 | 0.9929 | 0.9882 | 0.9956 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0793 | 1.0419 | 1.0247 | 1.0189 | 1.0122 | 1.0171 | 1.0046 | 1.0049 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0647 | 1.0207 | 0.9976 | 0.9853 | 0.9987 | 1.0090 | 0.9956 | 0.9973 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0557 | 1.0401 | 1.0421 | 1.0158 | 1.0104 | 1.0209 | 1.0162 | 1.0135 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0485 | 1.0395 | 1.0250 | 1.0036 | 0.9980 | 1.0200 | 1.0072 | 1.0024 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0487 | 1.0450 | 1.0404 | 1.0156 | 1.0105 | 1.0160 | 1.0144 | 1.0102 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0709 | 1.1513 | 1.0573 | 1.0258 | 1.0144 | 1.0177 | 1.0112 | 1.0066 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.0569 | 1.0661 | 1.0441 | 1.0302 | 1.0198 | 1.0234 | 1.0115 | 1.0024 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.0585 | 1.0903 | 1.0764 | 1.0213 | 1.0269 | 1.0193 | 1.0181 | 0.9988 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0277 | 1.0283 | 1.0422 | 1.0203 | 1.0119 | 1.0364 | 1.0210 | 1.0092 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0367 | 1.0356 | 1.0171 | 1.0378 | 1.0203 | 1.0151 | 1.0078 | 1.0013 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0051 | 1.0138 | 1.0190 | 1.0207 | 1.0163 | 1.0095 | 1.0071 | 1.0003 |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0387 | 1.0361 | 1.0233 | 1.0099 | 1.0079 | 1.0125 | 1.0059 | 1.0035 | |

d) Population over 65 and under 74 (young old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.0327 | 1.0297 | 1.0241 | 1.0119 | 1.0000 | 1.0013 | 1.0251 | 1.0261 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.0436 | 1.0290 | 1.0227 | 1.0235 | 1.0112 | 1.0160 | 1.0294 | 1.0270 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0466 | 1.0359 | 1.0280 | 1.0221 | 1.0179 | 1.0237 | 1.0375 | 1.0279 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0768 | 1.0597 | 1.0571 | 1.0559 | 1.0367 | 1.0351 | 1.0506 | 1.0709 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0576 | 1.0612 | 1.0455 | 1.0417 | 1.0229 | 1.0209 | 1.0499 | 1.0437 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0589 | 1.0620 | 1.0474 | 1.0440 | 1.0288 | 1.0333 | 1.0558 | 1.0522 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0491 | 1.0605 | 1.0611 | 1.0529 | 1.0221 | 1.0269 | 1.0420 | 1.0421 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0492 | 1.0651 | 1.0612 | 1.0543 | 1.0355 | 1.0297 | 1.0552 | 1.0559 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0299 | 1.0822 | 1.0745 | 1.0677 | 1.0519 | 1.0494 | 1.0649 | 1.0766 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.0565 | 1.0550 | 1.0510 | 1.0721 | 1.0416 | 1.0338 | 1.0631 | 1.0642 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.0369 | 1.0615 | 1.0938 | 1.0738 | 1.0476 | 1.0388 | 1.0631 | 1.0658 |
| 11217 | Konosu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0128 | 1.0349 | 1.0524 | 1.0512 | 1.0372 | 1.0386 | 1.0543 | 1.0537 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0235 | 1.0540 | 1.0404 | 1.0613 | 1.0286 | 1.0199 | 1.0613 | 1.0588 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0184 | 1.0325 | 1.0331 | 1.0425 | 1.0321 | 1.0252 | 1.0360 | 1.0211 |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0422 | 1.0517 | 1.0494 | 1.0482 | 1.0296 | 1.0280 | 1.0491 | 1.0490 | |

(e) Population 75 and over (old old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.0463 | 1.0451 | 1.0499 | 1.0526 | 1.0433 | 1.0319 | 1.0162 | 1.0311 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.0586 | 1.0509 | 1.0644 | 1.0551 | 1.0487 | 1.0458 | 1.0301 | 1.0375 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0641 | 1.0569 | 1.0713 | 1.0569 | 1.0497 | 1.0425 | 1.0326 | 1.0424 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0835 | 1.0582 | 1.0756 | 1.0751 | 1.0798 | 1.0707 | 1.0482 | 1.0561 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0737 | 1.0396 | 1.0490 | 1.0815 | 1.0774 | 1.0648 | 1.0390 | 1.0439 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0679 | 1.0550 | 1.0745 | 1.0690 | 1.0668 | 1.0588 | 1.0412 | 1.0542 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0801 | 1.0450 | 1.0702 | 1.0753 | 1.0744 | 1.0626 | 1.0443 | 1.0439 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0510 | 1.0541 | 1.0770 | 1.0695 | 1.0782 | 1.0745 | 1.0514 | 1.0504 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0602 | 1.0533 | 1.0682 | 1.0707 | 1.0833 | 1.0909 | 1.0681 | 1.0604 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 1.0343 | 1.0611 | 1.0606 | 1.0794 | 1.0720 | 1.0862 | 1.0497 | 1.0574 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 1.0329 | 1.0549 | 1.0649 | 1.0486 | 1.1350 | 1.0966 | 1.0469 | 1.0571 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0279 | 1.0283 | 1.0593 | 1.0630 | 1.0529 | 1.0814 | 1.0535 | 1.0613 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 1.0172 | 1.0228 | 1.0824 | 1.0734 | 1.0580 | 1.0799 | 1.0549 | 1.0430 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0487 | 1.0255 | 1.0496 | 1.0579 | 1.0551 | 1.0617 | 1.0509 | 1.0489 |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.0533 | 1.0465 | 1.0655 | 1.0663 | 1.0696 | 1.0677 | 1.0448 | 1.0491 |

(f) Aged population living with relatives or non-relatives

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|--|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 | |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.0252 | 1.0198 | 1.0109 | 1.0043 | 1.0107 | 1.0174 | |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.0282 | 1.0275 | 1.0194 | 1.0215 | 1.0224 | 1.0252 | |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.0339 | 1.0257 | 1.0237 | 1.0231 | 1.0293 | 1.0252 | |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.0584 | 1.0568 | 1.0454 | 1.0444 | 1.0476 | 1.0582 | |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.0436 | 1.0470 | 1.0364 | 1.0295 | 1.0415 | 1.0383 | |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.0521 | 1.0496 | 1.0384 | 1.0389 | 1.0470 | 1.0459 | |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.0628 | 1.0554 | 1.0363 | 1.0350 | 1.0369 | 1.0399 | |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.0630 | 1.0552 | 1.0446 | 1.0423 | 1.0504 | 1.0479 | |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.0694 | 1.0657 | 1.0602 | 1.0598 | 1.0605 | 1.0644 | |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 1.0705 | 1.0434 | 1.0471 | 1.0571 | 1.0578 | |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 1.0656 | 1.0592 | 1.0552 | 1.0586 | 1.0567 | |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.0492 | 1.0531 | 1.0408 | 1.0510 | 1.0511 | 1.0478 | |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 1.0646 | 1.0354 | 1.0368 | 1.0532 | 1.0505 | |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0383 | 1.0431 | 1.0369 | 1.0372 | 1.0392 | 1.0249 | |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.0477 | 1.0500 | 1.0379 | 1.0376 | 1.0432 | 1.0429 | |

(g) Aged population living alone

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|--|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 | |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 1.1181 | 1.0681 | 1.0386 | 1.0490 | 1.0556 | 1.0579 | |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 1.0867 | 1.0811 | 1.0517 | 1.0520 | 1.0614 | 1.0602 | |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 1.1154 | 1.0954 | 1.0555 | 1.0713 | 1.0671 | 1.0642 | |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 1.1259 | 1.1158 | 1.0779 | 1.0830 | 1.0778 | 1.1145 | |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 1.1153 | 1.1045 | 1.0433 | 1.0913 | 1.0748 | 1.0705 | |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 1.1388 | 1.0900 | 1.0698 | 1.0858 | 1.0801 | 1.0967 | |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 1.1217 | 1.1048 | 1.0640 | 1.0858 | 1.0763 | 1.0645 | |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 1.1313 | 1.1088 | 1.0636 | 1.0898 | 1.0868 | 1.1026 | |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 1.1436 | 1.1181 | 1.0727 | 1.1161 | 1.1164 | 1.1231 | |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 1.0757 | 1.1278 | 1.1135 | 1.0828 | 1.1024 | |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 1.0879 | 1.1232 | 1.1015 | 1.0941 | 1.1131 | |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 1.1324 | 1.0871 | 1.0816 | 1.0897 | 1.0826 | 1.1123 | |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 1.0475 | 1.0901 | 1.0983 | 1.0914 | 1.0658 | |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 1.0701 | 1.0873 | 1.0638 | 1.0760 | 1.0637 | 1.0797 | |
| Simple Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.1181 | 1.0909 | 1.0731 | 1.0859 | 1.0794 | 1.0877 | |

Appendix

A-4 Weighted Growth Ratios of Population in Various Categories and Their Total Value (i.e., Weighted Average of Growth Rratio) for the Takasaki-line Region: 1960-2000

a) Population 65 and over (aged population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0106 | 0.0106 | 0.0105 | 0.0105 | 0.0104 | 0.0104 | 0.0104 | 0.0105 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0171 | 0.0169 | 0.0168 | 0.0168 | 0.0167 | 0.0167 | 0.0168 | 0.0168 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0227 | 0.0225 | 0.0225 | 0.0224 | 0.0223 | 0.0223 | 0.0224 | 0.0224 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0388 | 0.0381 | 0.0382 | 0.0382 | 0.0378 | 0.0377 | 0.0378 | 0.0384 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0465 | 0.0462 | 0.0458 | 0.0461 | 0.0455 | 0.0454 | 0.0458 | 0.0457 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0598 | 0.0598 | 0.0595 | 0.0594 | 0.0588 | 0.0589 | 0.0593 | 0.0594 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.0669 | 0.0668 | 0.0673 | 0.0670 | 0.0657 | 0.0658 | 0.0660 | 0.0660 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.0715 | 0.0724 | 0.0726 | 0.0721 | 0.0714 | 0.0712 | 0.0718 | 0.0718 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.0923 | 0.0953 | 0.0953 | 0.0949 | 0.0942 | 0.0944 | 0.0947 | 0.0951 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 0.1027 | 0.1034 | 0.1031 | 0.1051 | 0.1028 | 0.1029 | 0.1035 | 0.1038 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 0.1109 | 0.1134 | 0.1162 | 0.1143 | 0.1147 | 0.1134 | 0.1132 | 0.1138 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1188 | 0.1206 | 0.1231 | 0.1232 | 0.1217 | 0.1230 | 0.1231 | 0.1234 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 0.1355 | 0.1387 | 0.1394 | 0.1412 | 0.1376 | 0.1380 | 0.1404 | 0.1396 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.1449 | 0.1454 | 0.1465 | 0.1478 | 0.1467 | 0.1465 | 0.1470 | 0.1457 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0390 | 1.0503 | 1.0569 | 1.0588 | 1.0463 | 1.0466 | 1.0521 | 1.0524 | |

b) Population 64 and under (younger and productive-population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0100 | 0.0098 | 0.0099 | 0.0099 | 0.0101 | 0.0100 | 0.0100 | 0.0102 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0162 | 0.0159 | 0.0158 | 0.0159 | 0.0161 | 0.0161 | 0.0161 | 0.0163 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0220 | 0.0214 | 0.0215 | 0.0212 | 0.0213 | 0.0214 | 0.0212 | 0.0214 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0389 | 0.0375 | 0.0368 | 0.0366 | 0.0364 | 0.0365 | 0.0360 | 0.0359 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0466 | 0.0446 | 0.0436 | 0.0430 | 0.0436 | 0.0441 | 0.0433 | 0.0434 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0596 | 0.0587 | 0.0588 | 0.0572 | 0.0569 | 0.0575 | 0.0572 | 0.0569 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.0663 | 0.0657 | 0.0647 | 0.0633 | 0.0629 | 0.0644 | 0.0635 | 0.0631 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.0714 | 0.0711 | 0.0708 | 0.0690 | 0.0686 | 0.0690 | 0.0688 | 0.0684 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.0953 | 0.1025 | 0.0938 | 0.0910 | 0.0899 | 0.0901 | 0.0894 | 0.0888 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 0.1034 | 0.1043 | 0.1021 | 0.1005 | 0.0995 | 0.0999 | 0.0985 | 0.0973 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 0.1134 | 0.1169 | 0.1152 | 0.1091 | 0.1097 | 0.1088 | 0.1086 | 0.1062 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1201 | 0.1201 | 0.1216 | 0.1189 | 0.1179 | 0.1209 | 0.1189 | 0.1172 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 0.1376 | 0.1373 | 0.1346 | 0.1374 | 0.1351 | 0.1343 | 0.1330 | 0.1319 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.1416 | 0.1429 | 0.1436 | 0.1437 | 0.1431 | 0.1420 | 0.1414 | 0.1404 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0424 | 1.0487 | 1.0329 | 1.0168 | 1.0112 | 1.0151 | 1.0060 | 0.9973 | |

c) Total population

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0100 | 0.0099 | 0.0099 | 0.0100 | 0.0101 | 0.0101 | 0.0101 | 0.0103 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0162 | 0.0159 | 0.0159 | 0.0160 | 0.0162 | 0.0162 | 0.0162 | 0.0164 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0220 | 0.0215 | 0.0215 | 0.0213 | 0.0214 | 0.0215 | 0.0214 | 0.0216 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0389 | 0.0375 | 0.0369 | 0.0367 | 0.0364 | 0.0366 | 0.0362 | 0.0362 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0466 | 0.0447 | 0.0437 | 0.0432 | 0.0437 | 0.0442 | 0.0436 | 0.0437 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0596 | 0.0587 | 0.0588 | 0.0573 | 0.0570 | 0.0576 | 0.0574 | 0.0572 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.0663 | 0.0658 | 0.0648 | 0.0635 | 0.0631 | 0.0645 | 0.0637 | 0.0634 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.0714 | 0.0712 | 0.0709 | 0.0692 | 0.0688 | 0.0692 | 0.0691 | 0.0688 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.0951 | 0.1022 | 0.0939 | 0.0911 | 0.0901 | 0.0904 | 0.0898 | 0.0894 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 0.1034 | 0.1043 | 0.1021 | 0.1008 | 0.0998 | 0.1001 | 0.0989 | 0.0980 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 0.1133 | 0.1167 | 0.1152 | 0.1093 | 0.1099 | 0.1091 | 0.1090 | 0.1069 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1200 | 0.1201 | 0.1217 | 0.1192 | 0.1182 | 0.1210 | 0.1192 | 0.1179 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 0.1375 | 0.1373 | 0.1349 | 0.1376 | 0.1353 | 0.1346 | 0.1336 | 0.1328 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.1418 | 0.1431 | 0.1438 | 0.1440 | 0.1434 | 0.1425 | 0.1421 | 0.1412 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0422 | 1.0488 | 1.0341 | 1.0192 | 1.0136 | 1.0176 | 1.0103 | 1.0036 | |

d) Population over 65 and under 74 (young old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0106 | 0.0105 | 0.0105 | 0.0103 | 0.0102 | 0.0102 | 0.0105 | 0.0105 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0170 | 0.0168 | 0.0167 | 0.0167 | 0.0165 | 0.0166 | 0.0168 | 0.0167 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0227 | 0.0224 | 0.0223 | 0.0221 | 0.0220 | 0.0222 | 0.0225 | 0.0223 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0388 | 0.0382 | 0.0381 | 0.0380 | 0.0373 | 0.0373 | 0.0378 | 0.0386 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0463 | 0.0465 | 0.0458 | 0.0456 | 0.0448 | 0.0447 | 0.0460 | 0.0457 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0597 | 0.0599 | 0.0591 | 0.0589 | 0.0581 | 0.0583 | 0.0596 | 0.0594 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.0664 | 0.0671 | 0.0671 | 0.0666 | 0.0647 | 0.0650 | 0.0659 | 0.0659 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.0715 | 0.0726 | 0.0723 | 0.0718 | 0.0705 | 0.0702 | 0.0719 | 0.0719 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.0915 | 0.0961 | 0.0954 | 0.0948 | 0.0934 | 0.0932 | 0.0946 | 0.0956 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 0.1033 | 0.1032 | 0.1028 | 0.1049 | 0.1019 | 0.1011 | 0.1040 | 0.1041 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 0.1110 | 0.1136 | 0.1171 | 0.1150 | 0.1122 | 0.1112 | 0.1138 | 0.1141 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1183 | 0.1209 | 0.1229 | 0.1228 | 0.1211 | 0.1213 | 0.1231 | 0.1231 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 0.1357 | 0.1398 | 0.1380 | 0.1407 | 0.1364 | 0.1352 | 0.1407 | 0.1404 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.1437 | 0.1457 | 0.1458 | 0.1471 | 0.1456 | 0.1447 | 0.1462 | 0.1441 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | 1.0364 | 1.0533 | 1.0538 | 1.0554 | 1.0348 | 1.0311 | 1.0534 | 1.0524 | |

(e) Population 75 and over (old old population)

| Code | Name | Distance | 1960-1965 | 1965-1970 | 1970-1975 | 1975-1980 | 1980-1985 | 1985-1990 | 1990-1995 | 1995-2000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0107 | 0.0107 | 0.0107 | 0.0108 | 0.0107 | 0.0105 | 0.0104 | 0.0105 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0173 | 0.0171 | 0.0174 | 0.0172 | 0.0171 | 0.0170 | 0.0168 | 0.0169 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0230 | 0.0229 | 0.0232 | 0.0229 | 0.0227 | 0.0226 | 0.0224 | 0.0226 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0390 | 0.0381 | 0.0387 | 0.0387 | 0.0389 | 0.0386 | 0.0377 | 0.0380 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0470 | 0.0455 | 0.0459 | 0.0474 | 0.0472 | 0.0466 | 0.0455 | 0.0457 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0603 | 0.0596 | 0.0607 | 0.0603 | 0.0602 | 0.0598 | 0.0588 | 0.0595 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.0683 | 0.0661 | 0.0677 | 0.0680 | 0.0680 | 0.0672 | 0.0661 | 0.0660 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.0716 | 0.0718 | 0.0734 | 0.0729 | 0.0735 | 0.0732 | 0.0716 | 0.0716 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.0942 | 0.0935 | 0.0949 | 0.0951 | 0.0962 | 0.0969 | 0.0949 | 0.0942 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | 0.1012 | 0.1038 | 0.1037 | 0.1056 | 0.1049 | 0.1062 | 0.1027 | 0.1034 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | 0.1106 | 0.1129 | 0.1140 | 0.1123 | 0.1215 | 0.1174 | 0.1121 | 0.1132 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1200 | 0.1201 | 0.1237 | 0.1241 | 0.1230 | 0.1263 | 0.1230 | 0.1239 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | 0.1349 | 0.1356 | 0.1435 | 0.1423 | 0.1403 | 0.1432 | 0.1399 | 0.1383 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.1480 | 0.1447 | 0.1481 | 0.1493 | 0.1489 | 0.1498 | 0.1483 | 0.1480 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.0460 | 1.0425 | 1.0656 | 1.0668 | 1.0729 | 1.0754 | 1.0501 | 1.0519 |

(f) Aged population living with relatives or non-relatives

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0158 | 0.0104 | 0.0103 | 0.0103 | 0.0103 | 0.0104 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0253 | 0.0168 | 0.0166 | 0.0167 | 0.0167 | 0.0167 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0338 | 0.0222 | 0.0222 | 0.0222 | 0.0223 | 0.0222 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0575 | 0.0381 | 0.0376 | 0.0376 | 0.0377 | 0.0381 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0690 | 0.0459 | 0.0454 | 0.0451 | 0.0456 | 0.0455 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0896 | 0.0592 | 0.0586 | 0.0586 | 0.0591 | 0.0590 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.1015 | 0.0668 | 0.0656 | 0.0655 | 0.0656 | 0.0658 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.1093 | 0.0719 | 0.0712 | 0.0710 | 0.0716 | 0.0714 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.1433 | 0.0946 | 0.0942 | 0.0941 | 0.0942 | 0.0945 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 0.1047 | 0.1021 | 0.1024 | 0.1034 | 0.1035 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 0.1141 | 0.1134 | 0.1130 | 0.1133 | 0.1131 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1850 | 0.1230 | 0.1215 | 0.1227 | 0.1228 | 0.1224 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 0.1412 | 0.1373 | 0.1375 | 0.1397 | 0.1393 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.2212 | 0.1472 | 0.1463 | 0.1464 | 0.1467 | 0.1446 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.0513 | 1.0560 | 1.0423 | 1.0430 | 1.0489 | 1.0465 |

(g) Aged population living alone

| Code | Locality | Distance | ordinary household | | private household | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | | 1970-75 | 1975-80 | 1980-85 | 1985-90 | 1990-95 | 1995-2000 |
| 13106 | Taito-ku | 4.2 | 0.0172 | 0.0109 | 0.0106 | 0.0107 | 0.0108 | 0.0108 |
| 13118 | Arakawa-ku | 6.7 | 0.0267 | 0.0176 | 0.0171 | 0.0171 | 0.0173 | 0.0173 |
| 13117 | Kita-ku | 8.9 | 0.0365 | 0.0237 | 0.0229 | 0.0232 | 0.0231 | 0.0230 |
| 11203 | Kawaguchi-shi | 14.8 | 0.0612 | 0.0402 | 0.0388 | 0.0390 | 0.0388 | 0.0401 |
| 11223 | Warabi-shi | 18.0 | 0.0737 | 0.0484 | 0.0457 | 0.0478 | 0.0471 | 0.0469 |
| 11204 | Urawa-shi | 23.2 | 0.0970 | 0.0615 | 0.0604 | 0.0613 | 0.0610 | 0.0619 |
| 11220 | Yono-shi | 26.0 | 0.1071 | 0.0699 | 0.0673 | 0.0687 | 0.0681 | 0.0673 |
| 11205 | Omiya-shi | 28.0 | 0.1163 | 0.0755 | 0.0725 | 0.0742 | 0.0740 | 0.0751 |
| 11219 | Ageo-shi | 36.5 | 0.1533 | 0.0993 | 0.0953 | 0.0991 | 0.0991 | 0.0997 |
| 11231 | Okegawa-shi | 40.2 | — | 0.1052 | 0.1103 | 0.1089 | 0.1059 | 0.1078 |
| 11233 | Kitamoto-shi | 44.0 | — | 0.1165 | 0.1202 | 0.1179 | 0.1171 | 0.1192 |
| 11217 | Konusu-shi | 48.0 | 0.1996 | 0.1270 | 0.1263 | 0.1273 | 0.1264 | 0.1299 |
| 11304 | Fukiage-machi | 54.5 | — | 0.1389 | 0.1446 | 0.1456 | 0.1447 | 0.1413 |
| 11206 | Gyohda-shi | 58.0 | 0.2279 | 0.1534 | 0.1501 | 0.1518 | 0.1501 | 0.1524 |
| Weighted Average of Growth Ratio | | | 1.1166 | 1.0880 | 1.0821 | 1.0928 | 1.0836 | 1.0929 |